



Finance overview

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Retailing Services Seminar, 19-20 November 2009

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Agenda

- The Balance Sheet
- The P&L
- Managing risk
- Summary

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The Balance Sheet

Summary balance sheet

• Strong funding position

0.0

Aug 08

Nov 08

- Not reliant on wholesale funding
- High level of liquidity and surplus cash

Feb 2009 (£m)		Aug 2009 (£m)
	Loans and advances to customers	
2,023	– Cards	2,183
1,366	– Loans	1,614
2,129	Loans and advances to banks	1,802
259	Loan to RBS Insurance	259
420	Other assets	377
6,197	Total assets	6,235
4,538	Customer deposits	4,425
612	Debt securities issued	501
237	Intra-group liabilities	235
222	Corporate bond	222
581	Other liabilities	301
465	Equity	551
6,197	Total liabilities	6,235

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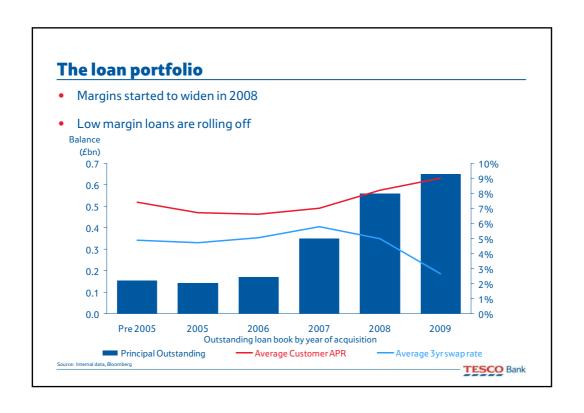
The credit card portfolio New business is driving growth in the cards book $As introductory \ balances \ mature, interest \ paid \ by \ customers \ will \ increase$ Balance (£bn) 2.5 Introductory 2.0 Balances 1.5 ■ Mature - Non Interest Bearing 1.0 Balances ■ Mature - Interest 0.5 **Bearing Balances**

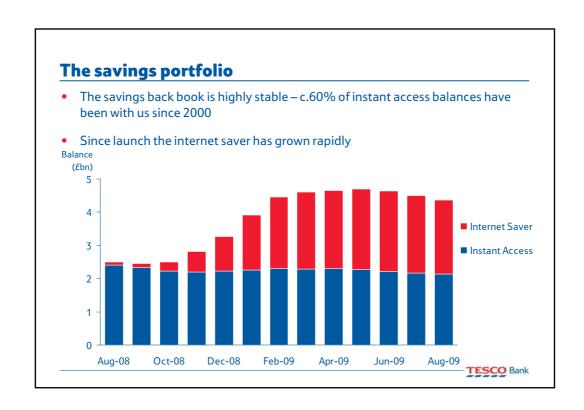
Feb 09

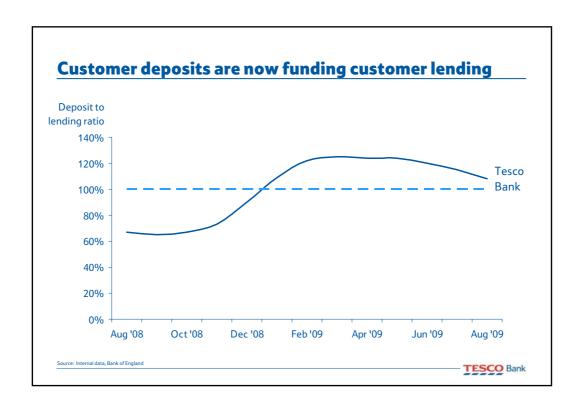
May 09

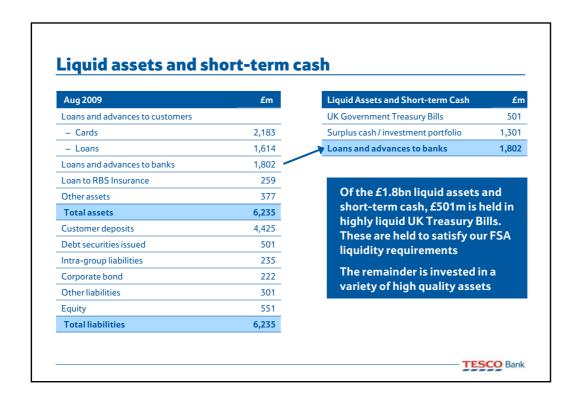
Aug 09

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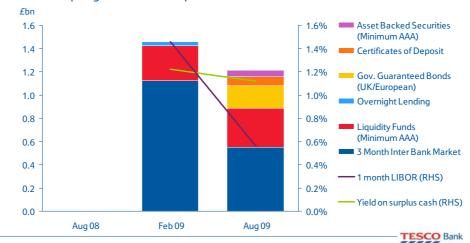






Surplus cash / investment portfolio

 While market interest rates have fallen, our yield on surplus cash has been maintained through active management and diversification of the portfolio whilst adopting a conservative position on risk



Managing interest rate risk

- Tesco Bank does not speculate on movements in interest rates
 - We do not run a trading book
- Our main interest rate risk comes from the sale of personal loans
 - Interest received is fixed, but our funding cost is variable
- To ensure stable margins, we manage this interest rate risk using swaps

The capital position – Tesco Personal Finance plc Tesco Bank has strong and stable capital ratios 31 August 2009 £m % Tier 1 capital 574 12.6 Retained earnings can contribute significant funds for further expansion Total capital 538 11.8 £350m £300m £250m £200m £150m £100m £50m £0m Dec '04 Dec '05 Dec '06 Dec '07 Feb '09 Aug '09 ■ Cumulative Retained Earnings (TPF plc) ■ Dividend Payments (TPF plc) TESCO Bank



The Profit & Loss account

• Current year profitability is being impacted by higher bad debts and increased costs

Pro Forma year to 28 Feb 2009 £m		Half year to 31 Aug 2009 £m
185	Net-interest income	156
443	Non-interest income	203
627	Total income	359
272	Expenses*	152
134	Bad and doubtful debts	92
222	Operating profit/loss before amortisation	115
32	Amortisation on intangibles arising on acquisition	62
189	Profit before tax	53

* For consistency with Aug. 09 reporting, the proforma year to 28 Feb. 09 P&L includes ATM minority interest payable to Tesco Group of £23m within the expenses line

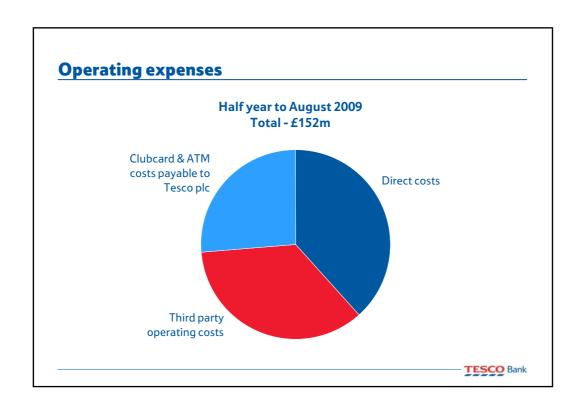
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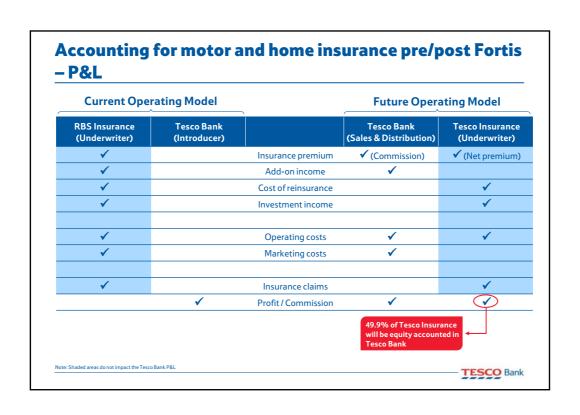


Income

Net interest income	Half year to Aug 2009 £m	
Interest receivable and similar income:		
– Credit cards	103	
– Loans	105	
– Other	(3)	
Total interest income	205	
Interest payable:		
– Savings accounts	(46)	
– Other	(3)	
Net interest income	156	

Non-interest income	Half year to Aug 2009 £m
ATMs	66
Credit cards and loans	68
Insurance	69
Non-interest income	203





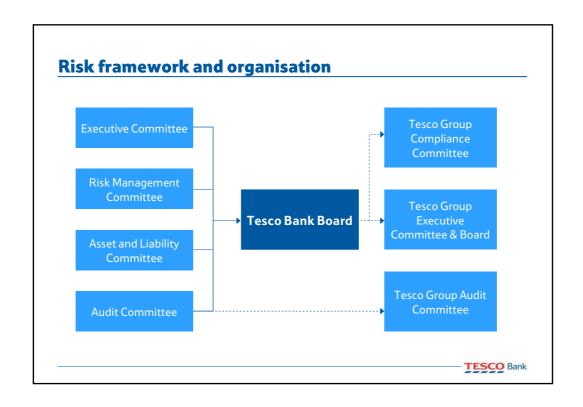
Accounting for motor and home insurance pre/post Fortis – balance sheet and capital

Balance Sheet	 Insurance reserves and funds invested are currently in RBS Insurance In future they will be in the jointly owned underwriter with Fortis There is a limited impact on TPF Group, being our share of net assets of the joint underwriter and the cash flows arising from premium collection
Capital	 TPF currently provides a £259m loan to RBS Insurance as a proxy for capital This will be repaid when RBS Insurance capital requirement runs off We will inject 49.9% of capital required into the new joint underwriter with Fortis
TPF plc Capital Ratio	 Currently the loan to RBS Insurance is a deduction in arriving at the Total Capital Ratio In future, the investment in the joint underwriter will be a deduction

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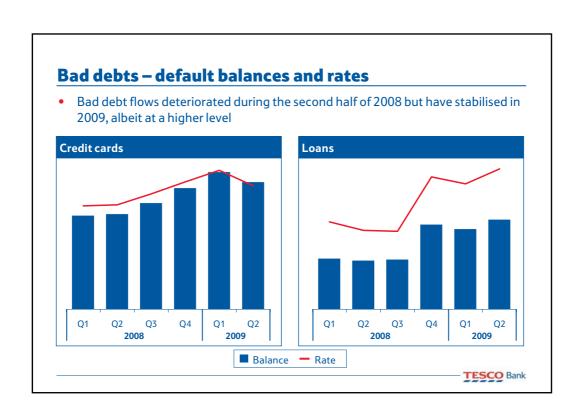
Managing Risk





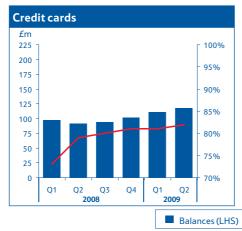
Credit risk management and the customer journey Monitor and Manage Collect Acquire Recover Criteria set to take **Customer accounts** When a customer When a customer enters the recovery on good quality, are constantly misses a payment, profitable business monitored they move to the process our collection process objective is to with the aim of recover cash. bringing customers Customers move to back up-to-date the recovery process for a number of reasons. Examples include: •4 missed payments Bankruptcy

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Bad debt provisions

- Provisions cover over 80% of balances where customers have defaulted
- The percentage cover has grown modestly as we experience lower cash recovery from customers





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New business asset quality

- During the first half of 2009, Tesco Bank has gained market share in both credit cards and personal loans
- New business asset quality has improved
 - The credit card offer has been repositioned
 - Loans competitive positioning has improved
 - Credit policy has tightened



Summary

Summary

- Simple balance sheet structure
- Strong liquidity and funding position
- Well capitalised
- Good spread of income and profit
- Corporate governance established and integrated to Tesco Group plc
- Well provisioned for bad and doubtful debts