





Introduction.

Joined a brilliant business

Refreshed capital allocation framework

Announced ongoing share buyback programme

Driving transparency and simplicity in all we do



12 months of progress.

Growing UK market share

Improved customer satisfaction across all areas

Strongest price position¹ for five years

Expanded Aldi Price Match to c.650 products

Rolled Clubcard Prices out to all stores

Gained customer missions² from competitors each period

Driving digital platform forward

Added £2.8bn annual online sales

Gained 700,000 online customers

Doubled the proportion of Click & Collect

Increased Clubcard to >20m households

More than doubled regular app users to 6.6m

Continued leadership in ESG

Launched new Group Health & Climate commitments

Removed 1 billion items of plastic packaging

Launched soft plastic recycling in all large stores

Launched UK's biggest electric car charging network

Donating 3m meals via 'Buy One to Help a Child' campaign



Group performance.

Sales¹

+3.0%

+10.0% vs. 19/20

Group profit²

£1,458m

+41.0% vs. last year

Retail free cash flow³

£1,543m

+£0.7bn vs. last year

Dividend

3.20p

in line with last year

EPS⁴

11.22p

+54.0% vs. last year

Net debt

down £1.7bn

^{4.} Adjusted diluted EPS in the prior year is adjusted for share consolidation to aid comparability, as the sale of our businesses in Thailand and Malaysia and the share consolidation and special dividend which followed distorted our financial results. As such, this metric is presented on a basis other than in accordance with IAS33 and captures the full impact of the share consolidation as if it took place at the start of the 2020/21 financial year.



^{1.} Sales exclude VAT and fuel. Sales change shown at constant rates.

^{2. &#}x27;Adjusted' operating profit excludes exceptional items and amortisation of acquired intangibles, change shown at constant rates.

^{3.} We have amended the definition of our retail free cash flow APM in order to provide a more consistent and predictable view of free cash flow generated by the core retail operation. It now excludes cash flows from business acquisitions and disposals, investments in joint ventures and associates, cash flows from the sale or buyback of property, and other exceptional cash flows.

Segmental performance.

	Sales	Change at constant rates	One-year LFL	Two-year LFL ¹
UK & ROI	£24,993m	2.9%	2.4%	9.1%
Central Europe	£1,905m	2.6%	1.4%	0.3%
Total Retail	£26,898m	2.9%	2.3%	8.4%
Bank	£433m	12.2%	_	-
Group	£27,331m	3.0%	2.3%	8.4%

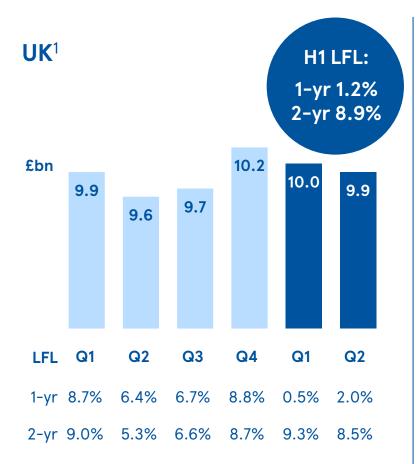
Adjusted operating profit ²	Change at constant rates	Margin
£1,318m	16.5%	4.7%
£68m	18.6%	3.4%
£1,386m	16.6%	4.6%
£72m	146.5%	16.6%
£1,458m	41.0%	4.8%



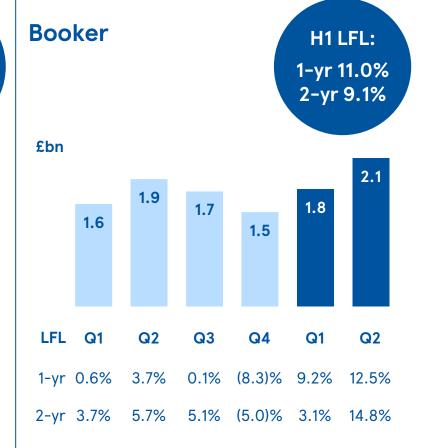
^{1.} Two-year LFL sales growth is calculated by comparing current year sales to sales in 2019/20, including sales from those stores which were trading in both years.

^{2.} Operating profit before exceptional items and amortisation of acquired intangibles.

UK & ROI sales.







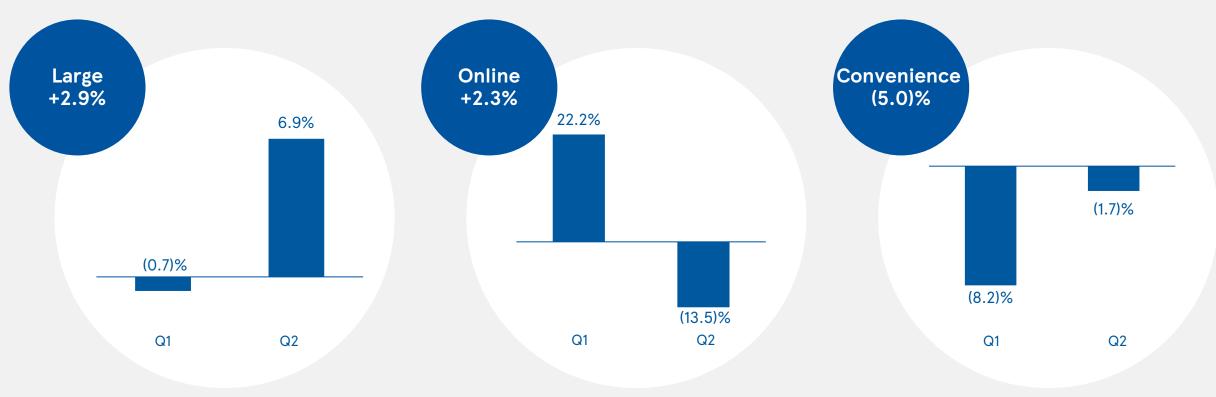


2021/22

2020/21

UK sales.

One-year like-for-like sales by channel



Strong large store growth in Q2

Q2 online performance reflects capacity ramp-up last year

Strengthening sales reflects improved 'city centre' stores



Central Europe.

One-year LFL sales growth +1.4%

- Strong Hungary and Slovakia performance
- Non-food restrictions impacting Czech Republic in Q1

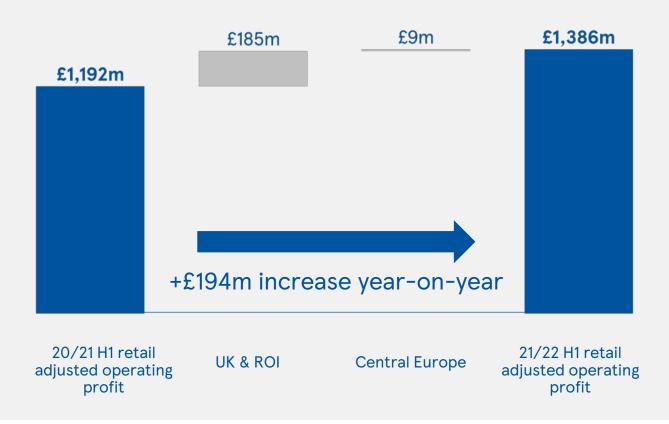
All markets growing in Q2 as customers returned to large stores

Market-leading online positions in Slovakia and Hungary

		One-year LFL	Two-year LFL
	Total	1.4%	0.3%
Channel	Stores	0.7%	(1.1)%
Cha	Online	24.7%	118.0%
Z	Food	(0.9)%	(0.5)%
Category	GM	8.2%	5.8%
Ö	Clothing	24.0%	13.2%



Retail operating profit.



	UK & ROI	CE	Retail
Adjusted operating profit	£1,318m	£68m	£1,386m
Change ¹ %	16.5%	18.6%	16.6%
Margin (%)	4.7%	3.4%	4.6%



Statutory profit after tax.

	H1 21/22	H1 20/21	Change %	
Adjusted operating profit	£1,458m	£1,037m	40.6%	
Exceptional items & amortisation of acquired intangibles	£(154)m	£(30)m		This year's number includes £(193)m of historic shareholder litigation claims
Net finance costs	£(158)m	£(469)m		
Net finance costs before FV remeasurements	£(338)m	£(361)m		Actively managing our debt portfolio enabling us to achieve lower rates of interest
FV remeasurements	£180m	£(108)m		Fair value remeasurement credit this year vs. debit last year, in relation to inflation linked swaps
Joint ventures and associates	£(3)m	£13m		YoY change driven by acquisition of partner's stake in Tesco Underwriting in May 2021
Group tax	£(313)m	£(154)m		Reflects higher operating profit and deferred tax revaluation due to corporation tax change
Statutory profit after tax	£830m	£397m	109.1%	

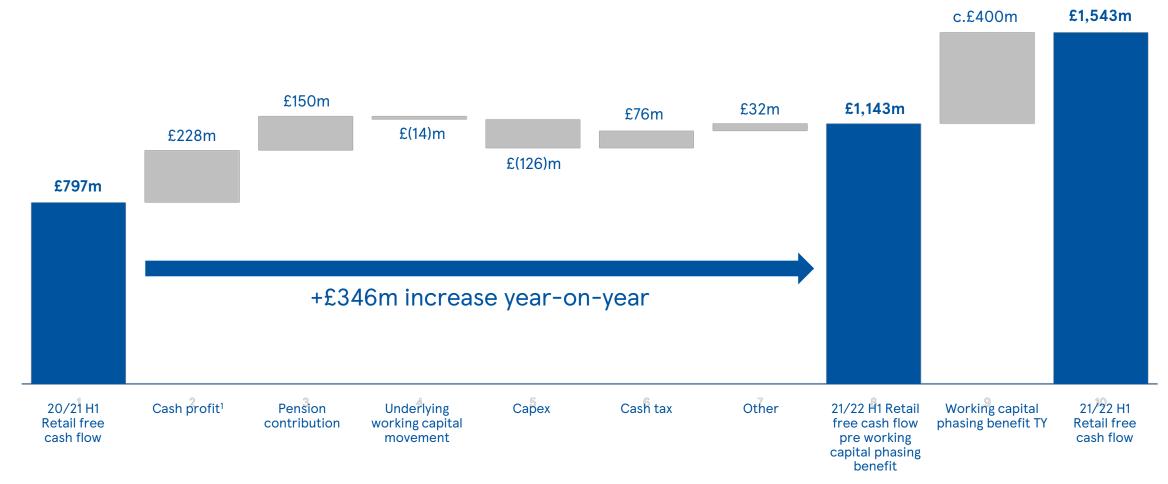


Retail free cash flow.

	H1 21/22	
Retail cash generated from operations exc. working capital	£2,183m	
Underlying working capital benefit	c.£156m	Working capital inflow driven by significant recovery in fuel & Booker catering sales
Working capital phasing benefit	c.£400m	Expected unwind in second half
Retail operating cash flow	£2,739m	
Cash capex (exc. buybacks)	£(495)m	Cash capex on track for full year guidance
Net interest	£(314)m	Comprises lease interest of £(207)m and £(107)m interest on debt
Tax paid	£(49)m	Cash tax paid reflects ongoing benefit from one-off pension contribution in prior year, utilisation of prior year losses and super-deduction on capital investments
Dividends	£3m	Dividends received from UK property joint ventures
Market purchase of shares (net of proceeds)	£(55)m	Purchase of own shares to offset dilution from colleague awards
Repayments of obligations under leases	£(286)m	Settlement of capital element of lease liabilities
Retail free cash flow	£1,543m	Simplified definition of retail free cash flow – better reflecting operational cash performance



Retail free cash flow year-on-year.



^{1.} Cash profit is defined as retail adjusted operating profit excluding the impact of depreciation & amortisation and other reconciling items.



Other cash items.

	H1 21/22	H1 20/21	
Retail free cash flow	£1,543m	£797m	
Acquisitions & disposals	£117m	£0m	Proceeds from sale of Polish business to Salling Group A/S in March
Property proceeds & purchases	£72m	£(116)m	Property inflow includes disposals primarily in Poland net of one store buyback
Exceptional cash items	£(107)m	£(127)m	Exceptional cash items include historic shareholder litigation settlements
Retail free cash flow after acquisitions, property & exceptionals	£1,625m	£554m	



Capital allocation.

Principles

- Reinvest in business and customer offer
- Maintain a solid investment grade balance sheet
- Pay a progressive dividend
- Consider inorganic growth opportunities that may arise
- 5 Return surplus cash to shareholders

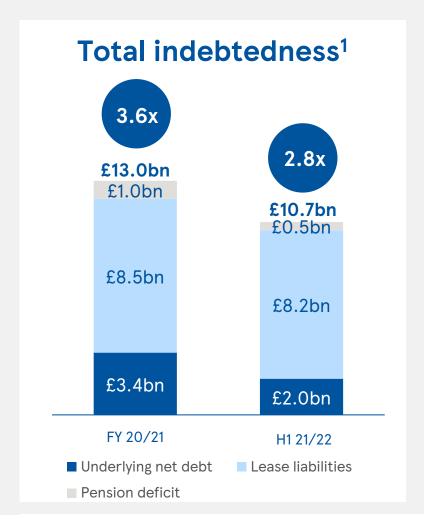
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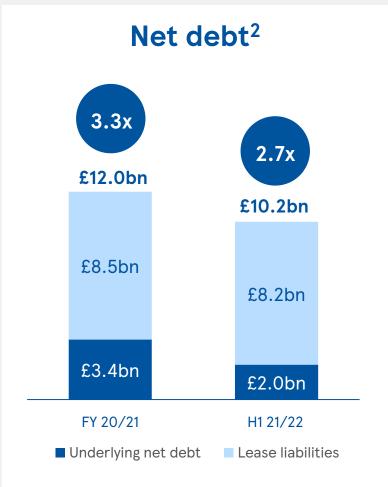


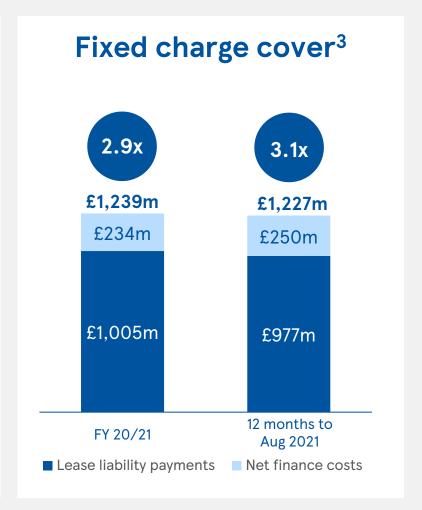
- => Target/maintain leverage at c.2.8-2.3 times Net debt¹/EBITDA
- Target a pay-out ratio of c.50% of earnings
- => Include property buybacks where economically viable
- => Likely to be in the form of share buybacks



Balance sheet metrics.







- 1. Total indebtedness post-IFRS 16 comprises net debt (inc. lease liabilities) plus the IAS 19 deficit in the pension schemes (net of tax) for both continuing and discontinued operations.
- 2. Net debt is inclusive of IFRS 16 lease obligations.
- 3. Fixed charge comprises net finance costs excluding net pension finance cost, exceptional items, capitalised interest, fair value remeasurements of financial instruments and finance charges payable on lease liabilities plus retail total lease liability payments.



Debt and liquidity.



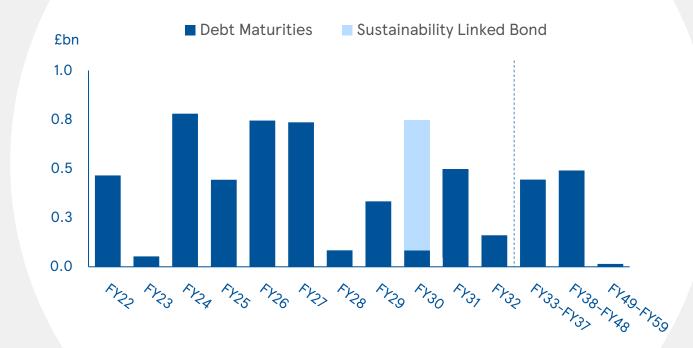
Smooth debt maturity profile

- Less than £1bn maturing in any year
- Weighted average maturity of c.7 years

Weighted average interest cost of 3.5%

Strong liquidity position

- £3.3bn cash1
- £2.5bn of undrawn committed facilities





Credit Ratings.

Agency	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating	Outlook
Fitch	BBB-	F3	Stable
Moody's	Baa3	P-3	Stable
S&P	BBB-	A-3	Stable

Moody's (May 2021)

"Tesco Plc's issuer rating reflects its large scale and market leading position in the stable, albeit very competitive UK grocery sector."



Our strategic priorities.



Re-defining value to become the customer's favourite



Increase loyalty and access new sources of revenue



Incremental, capital light growth



A cost efficient retailer



Multi-year performance framework.

Drive top-line growth, underpinned by:

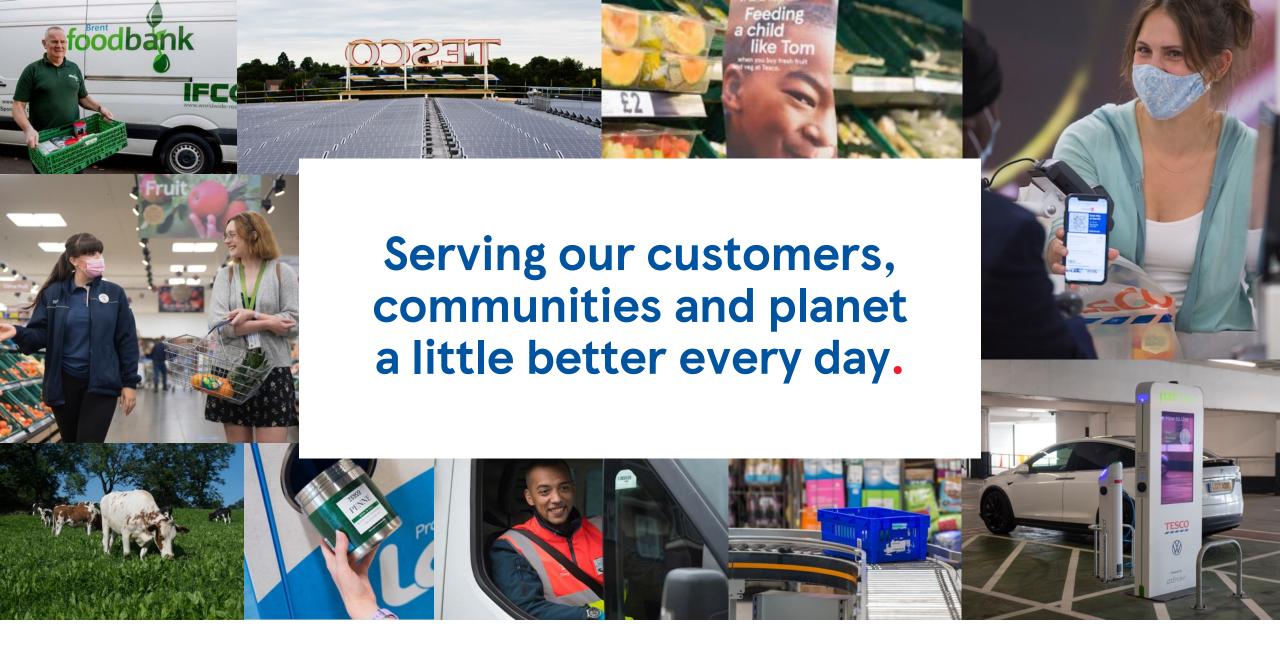
- Increasing customer satisfaction relative to the market
- Growing or at least maintaining our core UK market share

Grow absolute profits whilst maintaining sector-leading margins through:

- Leveraging our assets efficiently across all channels
- Accessing new revenue streams across our digital platform
- Targeting productivity initiatives to at least offset inflation

In doing so, generate between £1.4bn and £1.8bn retail free cash flow per year









Summary.

Strong performance to date leading to increased full-year guidance

Strategic priorities to enhance competitiveness, accelerate growth and generate cash

A clearer investment proposition, underpinned by ongoing capital returns

Aim to create sustainable long-term value for every Tesco stakeholder

Serving our customers, communities and planet a little better everyday











Guidance.

Retail profit	Now expecting to deliver between £2.5bn - £2.6bn in FY 21/22
Bank profit	Expect profitability of at least £120m in FY 21/22
Capex	£0.9bn-£1.2bn per annum
Net finance costs	c.3.5% of long-term debt p.a.
Leverage ratio	Targeting c.2.8 – 2.3 times Net debt¹/EBITDA
Tax	Effective tax rate c.23% for FY 21/22; 26% - 27% over medium term
Dividend	Progressive (broadly targeting c.50% of earnings) Interim dividend 35% of prior year full year dividend
Share buyback	Ongoing programme, with the first tranche of £500m in shares to be repurchased by no later than October 2022





Share buybacks.

Policy to return cash below leverage of 2.8 times Net debt/EBITDA

Currently 2.7 times Net debt/EBITDA, with confidence in future cash flows

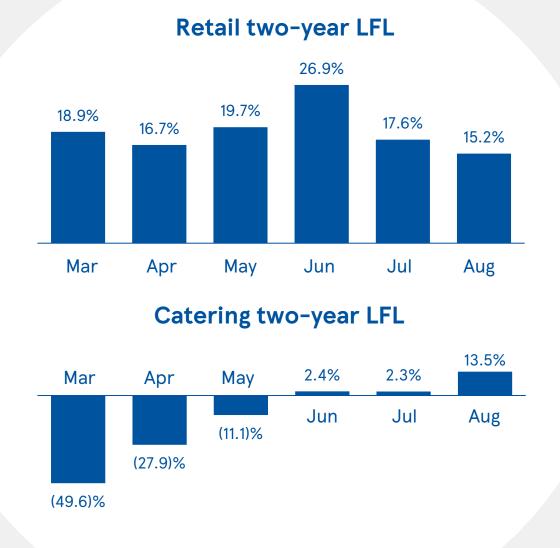
First tranche of £500m of shares to start imminently

To be repurchased by no later than October 2022; progress update in April 2022



Booker.

	Sales	1-yr LFL	2-yr LFL
Total	£3,865m	11.0%	9.1%
Retail	£2,392m	(2.8)%	19.4%
Catering	£1,352m	54.4%	(11.6)%
Booker Catering	£802m	37.5%	(11.6)%
Best Food Logistics	£550m	89.3%	n/a





ROI.

Exceptional growth on a two-year basis across all categories and channels

One-year performance reflects particularly high impact of stockpiling LY

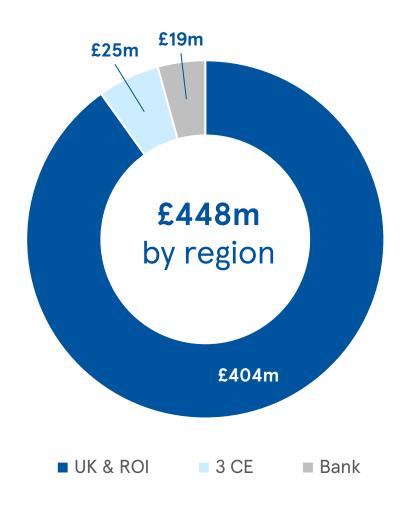
Clear market leader in online

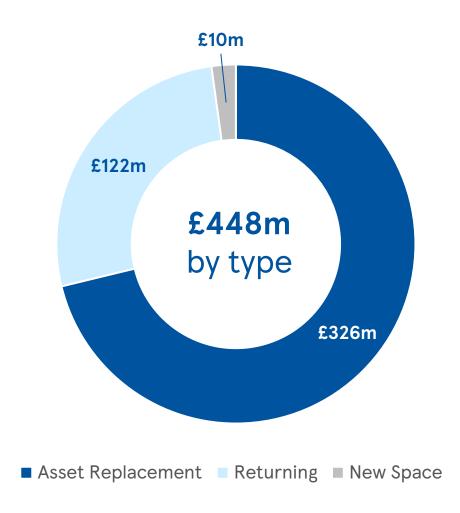
- Grown market share
- Increased geographic coverage
- Expanded Click & Collect from 28 to 36 stores

		One-year LFL	Two-year LFL
	Total	(2.6)%	12.2%
Channel	Stores	(3.8)%	8.9%
Cha	Online	10.8%	74.8%
ory	Food	(3.4)%	12.1%
Category	GM	(5.4)%	17.4%
Ö	Clothing	11.5%	11.3%



Capital expenditure – H1 21/22.







Exceptional items - H1 21/22.

On a continuing operations basis	H1 21/22	H1 20/21
Litigation costs	£(193)m	£(93)m
Property transactions	£21m	£(2)m
Booker integration costs		£(2)m
UK – ATM business rates		£105m
Asia licence fee income	£19m	_
Net impairment reversal of non-current assets	£37m	
Total exceptional items in statutory operating profit	£(116)m	£8m



Disclaimer.

Certain statements made in this document are forward-looking statements. For example, statements regarding expected revenue growth and operating margins, market trends and our product pipeline are forward-looking statements. Phrases such as "aim", "plan", "intend", "should", "anticipate", "well-placed", "believe", "estimate", "expect", "target", "consider" and similar expressions are generally intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions and are subject to a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from what is expressed or implied by those statements. Many factors may cause actual results, performance or achievements of Tesco to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results, performance or achievements of Tesco to differ materially from the expectations of Tesco include, among other things, general business and economic conditions globally, industry trends, competition, changes in government and other regulation and policy, including in relation to the environment, health and safety and taxation, labour relations and work stoppages, interest rates and currency fluctuations, changes in its business strategy, political and economic uncertainty, including as a result of global pandemics. As such, undue reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statement is based on information available to Tesco as of the date of the statement. All written or oral forward-looking statements attributable to Tesco are qualified by this caution. Other than in accordance with legal and regulatory obligations, Tesco undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

